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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/646,347	01/04/2001	Marilyn E. Karaman	FB RICE & Co. 8741	
7590 09/08/2005		EXAMINER		
HUNTON & WILLIAMS LLP TREVOR CODDINGTON			CINTINS, IVARS C	
1900 K STREET, N.W SUITE 1200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1724	
WASHINGTIC	ON, DC 20006-1109		DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/646,347	KARAMAN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ivars C. Cintins	1724			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ju	<u>ıne 2005</u> .				
2a)⊠	Γhis action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1,3-10 and 27 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1, 3-10 and 27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the deplacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment	t(s)		·			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da				

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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1 and 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The limitation that the hydrated alumina contains a surface density of Al-OH groups "sufficient to render the surface of the alumina medium hydrophilic" (amended claim 1, lines 3-4) does not appear to be supported by the disclosure originally filed, and hence constitutes **new matter**.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-10 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mehkeri et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,512,491). Mehkeri et al. discloses removing microbiological contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium (col. 11, line 11), from water with a particulate medium having surface hydrated active hydroxyl groups (col. 3, lines 14-15). This reference also teaches using alumina as a base material (col. 3, line 11), and the surface hydrated active hydroxyl groups in this alumina will contain surface Al-OH groups. Accordingly, Mehkeri et al. discloses the claimed invention with the exception of contacting the water undergoing treatment with the surface of the hydrated alumina, the surface density of Al-OH groups on the alumina, and the

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particle size of this alumina (claims 9, 10 and 27). However, since the reference clearly teaches that uncoated alumina is capable of removing microbiological contaminants from water (see col. 3, lines 2-5, 11 and 14-17), it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to dispense with the additional aluminum hydroxide coating suggested by the reference, and to contact the water undergoing treatment directly with the surface of the hydrated alumina, if one were willing to forgo the advantages associated with this additional coating. Also, in such a proposed modification, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ alumina having the recited surface density of Al-OH groups in the reference process, in order to maximize the active hydroxyl groups on this alumina surface. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ alumina having the recited particle size in this reference process, in order to facilitate handling of this treatment material.

Applicant's arguments filed Applicant's arguments filed June 23, 2005 have been noted and carefully considered but are not deemed to be persuasive of patentability. Applicant argues that Mehkeri et al. does not contact water with the surface of a surface hydrated alumina medium, as now required by the claims in this application. As pointed out above, Mehkeri et al. teaches that water could be treated with uncoated alumina having surface active hydroxyl groups resulting from hydration, but that coated materials "will perform in a superior manner if treated to add hydroxyl groups as described [in the reference]" (see col. 3, lines 19-20). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the liquid purification art to omit the additional aluminum hydroxide coating disclosed in Mehkeri et al., if one is willing to sacrifice all of the advantages (i.e. superior performance) associated with this additional coating.

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to I. Cintins whose telephone number is 571-272-1155. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Duane Smith, can be reached at 571-272-1166.

The centralized facsimile number for the USPTO is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ivars C. Cintins Primary Examiner

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I. Cintins September 4, 2005